A Pinch of Sodium: Rapid CO₂ Uptake with MgO-based CO₂ sorbents upon promotion with Na₂CO₃ seeds

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There is an urgent need to develop and engineer functional materials that can capture and release CO₂ on demand. Solid oxide materials such as MgO and CaO constitute a promising family of materials for CO₂ capture, utilization, and storage, considering their favorable thermodynamics, high theoretical CO₂ uptake capacities and earth-abundance. However, despite favorable carbonation thermodynamics, MgO suffers from a limited CO₂ uptake due to very slow carbonation kinetics. The carbonation kinetics can be enhanced by adding an alkali metal nitrate promoter such as NaNO₃, which dissolves surface carbonates in the form of $[Mg^{2+...}CO_3^{2-}]$ ion pairs and thereby facilitates MgCO₃ crystallization.^{1,2} Moreover, it was found that the addition of Na₂CO₃ seeds to NaNO₃-promoted MgO further increases the CO₂ uptake rate by a factor of $10.^{3}$ We investigated the promotional effect of Na2CO3 via in situ synchrotron-based X-ray powder diffraction (XRD) with a high time resolution (1 s) complemented by electron microscopy characterization. We demonstrate that Na_2CO_3 rapidly transforms into $Na_2Mg(CO_3)_2$ in the presence of MgO, CO₂, and NaNO₃. The Na₂Mg(CO₃)₂ phase acts as an effective nucleation seed that boosts MgCO₃ growth. Our In-situ XRD measurements prove that MgCO₃ nucleates onto the Na₂Mg(CO₃)₂ seeds while TEM imaging of the Na₂Mg(CO₃)₂-MgCO₃ interphase reveals that the Na₂Mg(CO₃)₂ seeds promote MgO dissolution and thereby facilitate MgCO₃ growth. Taken together, the insights obtained here will help the development of more effective MgO-based CO₂ sorbents.



Figure 1. SEM-EDX analysis of a carbonated $NaNO_3/Na_2Mg(CO_3)_2$ -promoted MgO(100) single crystal. (a) SEM image of a $Na_2Mg(CO_3)_2$ crystals surrounded by MgCO₃ crystals. (b) zoom focusing on the etching pits formed in the MgO(100) surface. (c) Corresponding Mg and (d) Na elemental maps.

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