## Precision spectroscopy of transitions from the metastable 2 ${}^{3}S_{1}$ state of ${}^{4}He$ to high *n*p Rydberg states

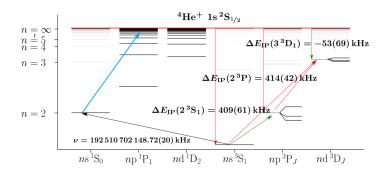
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The metastable He  $((1s)^1(2s)^1)$  atom in its singlet  $({}^1S_0)$  or triplet  $({}^3S_1)$  states is an ideal system to perform tests of *ab-initio* calculations of two-electron systems that include quantumelectrodynamics and nuclear finite-size effects. The recent determination of the ionization energy of the metastable 2  ${}^1S_0$  state of  ${}^4$ He [1] confirmed a discrepancy between the latest theoretical values of the Lamb shifts in low-lying electronic states of triplet helium [2] and the measured 3  ${}^3D$  $\leftarrow$  2  ${}^3S_1$  [3] and 3  ${}^3D \leftarrow$  2  ${}^3P$  [4] transition frequencies. This discrepancy could not be resolved in the latest calculations [5,6].

Currently, we focus on the development of a new experimental method for the determination of the ionization energy of the 2  ${}^{3}S_{1}$  state of  ${}^{4}He$  via the measurement of transitions from the 2  ${}^{3}S_{1}$  state to *n*p Rydberg states. Extrapolation of the *n*p series yields the ionization energy with sub-MHz accuracy.

In this poster, we present the progress in the development of our experimental setup, which involves (i) the preparation of a cold, supersonic expansion of helium atoms in the  $2^3S$  state, (ii) the development and characterization of a laser system for driving the transitions to the np Rydberg states and (iii) the implementation of a new sub-Doppler, background-free detection method. We present this new spectroscopic method, with which we cancel the <sup>1</sup>st-order Doppler shift and illustrate its power with a new determination of the ionization energy of  $2^{3}S_{1}$  metastable He.



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