## Exploration of Novel Optically Active Resorcin[4]arene Capsule Derivatives for Enantioselective THT Cyclizations

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Mimicking the capabilities of terpene cyclases in the tail-to-head terpene cyclizations (THT) represents a great challenge in asymmetric catalysis. Molecular containers, by entrapping guests in a closed cavity, are able to mimic to some extend the enzymatic pockets of natural enzymes. The hydrogen-bond-based resorcin[4]arene capsule, first reported by Atwood in 1997,<sup>[1]</sup> is able to catalyze the THT cyclization of terpens by stabilizing the cationic intermediates formed during the reaction cascade.<sup>[2]</sup> In this context, our group recently reported the first examples of optically active mono-alkylated resorcin[4]arene capsules and their application as supramolecular catalysts in the asymmetric THT cyclization of nerol.<sup>[3]</sup> Therefore, demonstrating that the chirality transfer from a rather large molecular container (approximately 1400 Å) onto the encapsulated substrate is possible. In this work we enlarged the scope of this supramolecular catalyst reporting 14 novel optically active resorcin[4]arene capsule derivatives, exploring the tolerance of the self-assembling of such systems towards structural modifications. Furthermore, the effects that these modifications have on the enantioselectivity of the THT cyclization studied are presented.



R: Alkyl, Propargyl, Allyl, Alcohols, Ethers, Esters.

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