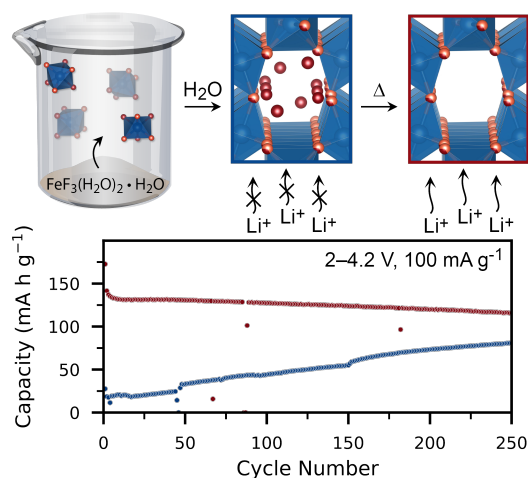


## Dissolution-Precipitation Synthesis of Pyrochlore-Type Iron Hydroxy Fluoride for Low-Cost Lithium-Ion Batteries

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Iron (III) fluorides are appealing low-cost stationary energy storage materials due to the virtually unlimited supply of the constituting elements and high energy densities.<sup>[1]</sup> The pyrochlore modification is of particular interest because its 3D interconnected channels may potentially enable fast Li-ion diffusion.<sup>[2]</sup> However, the prohibitively large cost for synthesis or cathode architecture prevent commercialization. Herein, we present a facile dissolution-precipitation synthesis to access pyrochlore iron (III) hydroxy fluoride (Pyr-IHF) from soluble iron (III) fluoride precursors, enabling to produce Pyr-IHF at a low cost of ca. 14 \$ kg<sup>-1</sup>.<sup>[3]</sup> Without the need for elaborate cathode designs, we demonstrate superior capacity retention of > 80% after 600 cycles at high current densities of 1 A g<sup>-1</sup>. Guided by *operando* X-ray diffraction experiments, we selectively synthesize Pyr-IHF of different solvent content inside the channels. Rate capability tests of Pyr-IHF cathodes provide the first experimental evidence for Li-ion diffusion occurring through the 3D channels.



[1] F. Wu, G. Yushin, *Energy Environ. Sci.*, **2017**, 10, 435–459

[2] C. Li *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, 135, 11425–11428

[3] J. F. Baumgärtner *et al.*, *Manuscript Submitted*, **2023**